



The CrIS, IASI, and AIRS: A Perspective on Hyper Spectral Sounder Retrievals and Validation



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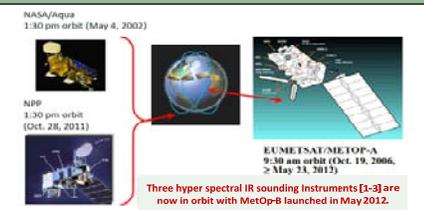
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Abstract

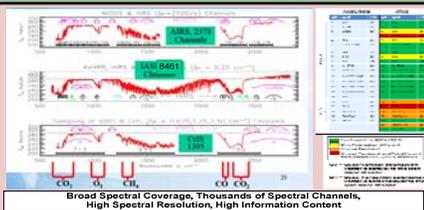
The Cross-Track Infrared Sounder (CrIS), the Infrared Atmospheric Sounding Interferometer (IASI), and the Atmospheric Infrared Sounder (AIRS), on-board Suomi-NPP, MetOp, and Aqua respectively, provide high quality hyper-spectral infrared radiances to retrieve vertical profiles of temperature, moisture, trace gases, and other geophysical products. These infrared sounders are accompanied by microwave sounding instruments (ATMS for CrIS; AMSU-A and MHS for IASI; AMSU-A for AIRS), which enable the generation of these products in scenes with up to 80% cloud cover. The center for Satellite Applications and Research (STAR) at NOAA has been involved in the development and implementation of a variety of retrieval algorithms to process these instrument observations into sensor data records (SDR) and geophysical products (Environmental Data Records, or EDRs). These EDR products are evaluated using in-situ measurements, model forecast analysis fields, and other correlative measurements to ensure products meet specifications. These evaluations also provide confidence on cloud-cleared radiances for future NWP assimilations and in the generation of climate-quality data sets. Evaluation of various retrieval algorithms against a common dataset also helps to optimize these algorithms for future product generation.

1. Hyper-Spectral Infrared (IR) Obs. from Polar Orbiting Satellites



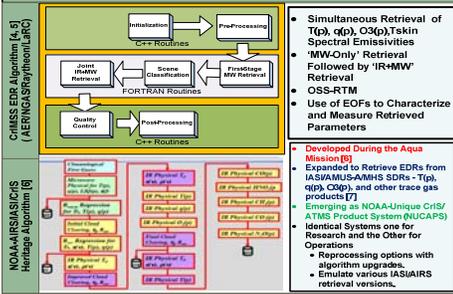
Three hyper spectral IR sounding instruments [1-3] are now in orbit with MetOP-B launched in May 2012.

1.1 Hyper-Spectral IR and Accompanied Microwave (MW) Observations



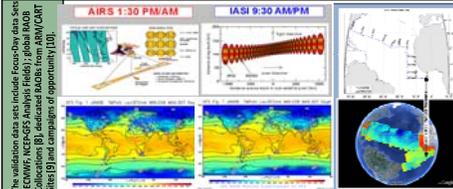
Broad Spectral Coverage, Thousands of Spectral Channels, High Spectral Resolution, High Information Content

2. Retrieval Algorithms to Generate EDR Products

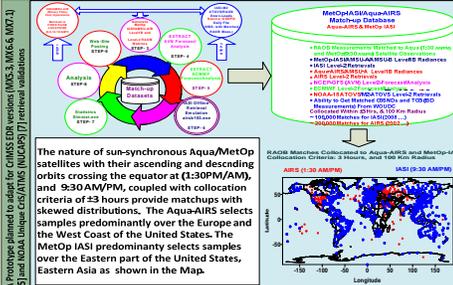


- Simultaneous Retrieval of T(p), q(p), O3(p), Tskin, Surface Emissivities
- MW-Only Retrieval Followed by IR-MW Retrieval
- OSS-RTM
- Use of EOFs to Characterize and Measure Retrieved Parameters
- Developed during the Aqua Mission [5]
- Expanded to Retrieve EDRs from IASIA/IASI/MHS SDRs: T(p), q(p), O3(p), and other trace gas products [7]
- Emerging as NOAA-Unique CrIS/ATMS Product System (NUCAPS)
- Identical Systems one for Research and the Other for Operations
- Replacing options with algorithm upgrades.
- Emulate various IASIA/RS retrieval versions.

3. Validation Data Sets for EDR Product Evaluations [8]

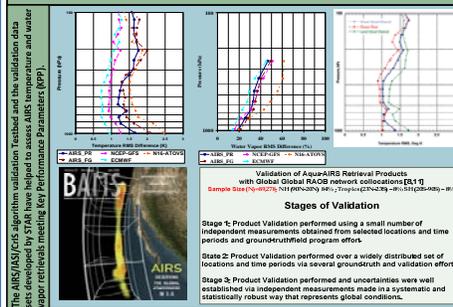


3.1 The NOAA-STAR AIRS/IASI Validation Testbed [8]

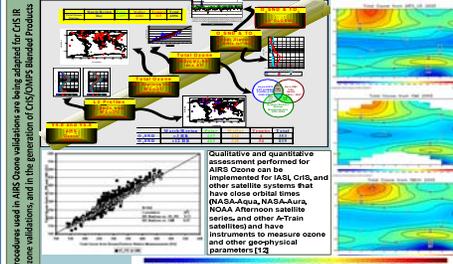


The nature of sun-synchronous Aqua/MetOp satellites with their ascending and descending orbits crossing the equator at (1:30PM/AM), and (9:30AM/PM), coupled with collocation criteria of 33 hours provide matchups with skewed distributions. The Aqua-AIRS selects samples predominantly over the Europe and the West Coast of the United States. The MetOp IASI predominantly selects samples over the Eastern part of the United States, Eastern Asia as shown in the Map.

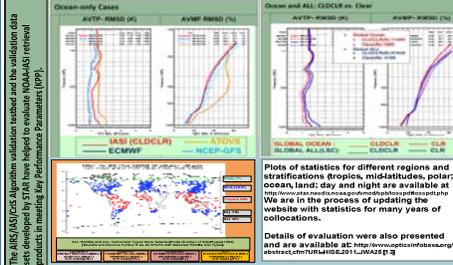
4. AIRS (V4) Validations for Key Performance Parameters [8,9,11]



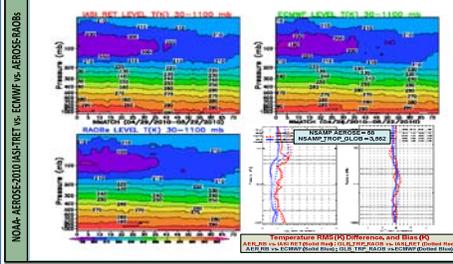
4.1. The AIRS (v4) IR-O3 Validation Ladder for CrIS IR-O3 Evaluations [12]



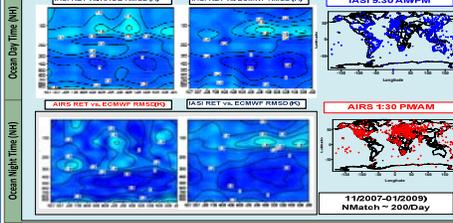
5. NOAA-IASI Retrieval Product Validations [13]



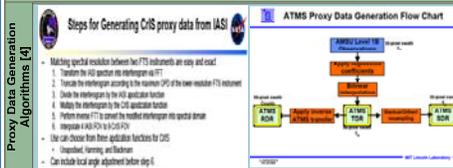
5.1 NOAA-IASI Retrieval Validations with Dedicated RAOBs [13]



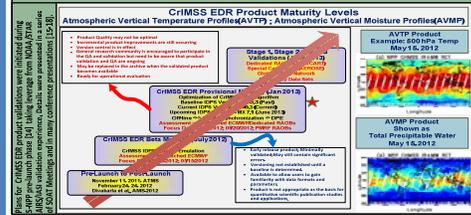
5.2 AIRS/IASI Retrieval Validations with RAOB/ECMWF Matches [13]



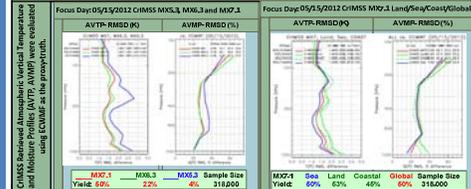
5.3 MetOP-IASI/AMSU-AMHS to CrIS/ATMS Pre-Launch Proxy Data



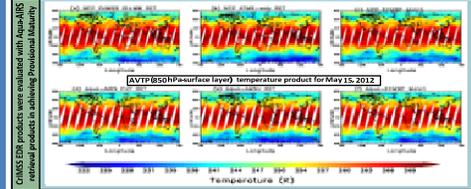
6. Suomi NPP- CrIMSS (CrIS+ATMS) Product Assessment Steps [14-18]



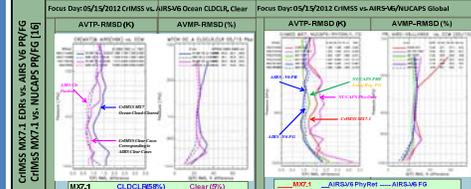
6.1 CrIMSS AVTP and AVMP Evaluations - Provisional Maturity



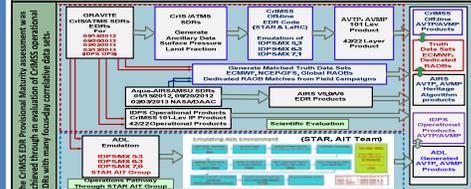
6.2 Evaluation of CrIMSS EDRs with Heritage Alg. Products [16]



6.2.2 CrIMSS AVTP and AVMP EDRs vs. Heritage Algorithm Retrievals



6.3 Data and Pathway for CrIMSS EDR Provisional Maturity [18]



Summary

- NOAA/STAR has been involved with hyper-spectral retrieval algorithm development and validation starting with Aqua-AIRS, MetOp-IASI, and continuing with S-NPP CrIMSS.
- The experience gained through the development of AIRS and IASi validation testbed systems has helped to:
- Evaluate CrIMSS EDR products with 'truth' data sets and 'heritage' algorithm products leading to Beta Maturity and Provisional Maturity.
- Define a Pathway for IDPS operational implementations through Discrepancy Reports and Code Change Requests to realize MX2.1, and future builds.
- Provide correlative data sets to evaluate CrIMSS EDR products from "pre-launch proxy" to "post-launch".
- Coordinate CrIMSS EDR algorithm improvements beyond Provisional Maturity through research in collaboration with NASA-LARC, NGAS, and Raytheon.
- Define a hierarchy of validation data sets to evaluate CrIMSS retrieval products leading to Provisional Maturity and moving towards Stage 1-3 validations.

References

[1] Kozu et al., "The Atmospheric Infrared Sounder (AIRS) Interferometer Mission Description..."